

СИСТЕМЫ УРАВНЕНИЙ

Решите систему уравнений (1-52):

$$1) \begin{cases} 3x + y = 5 \\ \frac{x+2}{5} + \frac{y}{2} = -1 \end{cases}$$

$$3) \begin{cases} \frac{x}{3} - \frac{y-2x}{5} = 1\frac{1}{3} \\ \frac{y}{2} + \frac{5}{6} = \frac{x+y}{3} \end{cases}$$

$$5) \begin{cases} 4x^2 - y = 2 \\ 3x - 2y = -1 \end{cases}$$

$$7) \begin{cases} x - y = -5 \\ x^2 - 2xy - y^2 = 17 \end{cases}$$

$$9) \begin{cases} x^2 + 3x + y^2 = 2 \\ x^2 + 3x - y^2 = -6 \end{cases}$$

$$11) \begin{cases} 3x - y = 2 \\ x^2 - 4x + 8 = y \end{cases}$$

$$13) \begin{cases} (2x+3)^2 = 5y \\ (3x+2)^2 = 5y \end{cases}$$

$$15) \begin{cases} (x-4)(y-6) = 0 \\ \frac{y-4}{x+y-8} = 2 \end{cases}$$

$$17) \begin{cases} 3x^2 + y = 6 \\ 4x^2 - y = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$19) \begin{cases} 2x^2 + 3y^2 = 11 \\ 4x^2 + 6y^2 = 11x \end{cases}$$

$$21) \begin{cases} (x+6y)^2 = 7y \\ (x+6y)^2 = 7x \end{cases}$$

$$23) \begin{cases} x^2 + y^2 = 40 \\ xy = -12 \end{cases}$$

$$2) \begin{cases} x - y = 2 \\ \frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{y} = -\frac{2}{3} \end{cases}$$

$$4) \begin{cases} \frac{3x}{4} - \frac{y-3x}{2} = -6 \\ \frac{y-x}{3} - \frac{1}{6} = \frac{y}{2} \end{cases}$$

$$6) \begin{cases} 4x + 3y = -1 \\ 2x^2 - y = 11 \end{cases}$$

$$8) \begin{cases} x + y = 2 \\ 2x^2 + xy + y^2 = 8 \end{cases}$$

$$10) \begin{cases} 2y^2 - 4y - x^2 = -3 \\ 2y^2 - 4y + x^2 = -1 \end{cases}$$

$$12) \begin{cases} 2x + y = 1 \\ x^2 - 11x + 14 = 2y \end{cases}$$

$$14) \begin{cases} (2x+4)^2 = 3y \\ (4x+2)^2 = 3y \end{cases}$$

$$16) \begin{cases} (x-6)(y-5) = 0 \\ \frac{y-2}{x+y-8} = 3 \end{cases}$$

$$18) \begin{cases} 3x^2 + y = 4 \\ 2x^2 - y = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$20) \begin{cases} 2x^2 + 2y^2 = 24 \\ 4x^2 + 4y^2 = 24x \end{cases}$$

$$22) \begin{cases} (2x+6y)^2 = 8y \\ (2x+6y)^2 = 8x \end{cases}$$

$$24) \begin{cases} xy = 8 \\ x^2 + y^2 = 20 \end{cases}$$

25)
$$\begin{cases} 3x^2 - 2x = y \\ 3x - 2 = y \end{cases}$$

27)
$$\begin{cases} x^2 = 7y + 2 \\ x^2 + 2 = 7y + y^2 \end{cases}$$

29)
$$\begin{cases} (x+y)^2 = 2y \\ (x+y)^2 = 2x \end{cases}$$

31)
$$\begin{cases} \frac{2}{x} + \frac{1}{y} = 4 \\ \frac{1}{x} - \frac{3}{y} = 9 \end{cases}$$

33)
$$\begin{cases} \frac{6}{x-y} - \frac{8}{x+y} = -2 \\ \frac{9}{x-y} + \frac{10}{x+y} = 8 \end{cases}$$

35)
$$\begin{cases} x + y - xy = -14 \\ x + y + xy = 2 \end{cases}$$

37)
$$\begin{cases} 5(x+y) + 2xy = -19 \\ x + 3xy + y = -35 \end{cases}$$

39)
$$\begin{cases} xy - x^2 = -18 \\ xy + x^2 = 14 \end{cases}$$

41)
$$\begin{cases} x^2 + y^2 = 5 \\ x^4 - y^4 = 15 \end{cases}$$

43)
$$\begin{cases} x + y = 7 \\ (x^2 - y^2)(x - y) = 175 \end{cases}$$

45)
$$\begin{cases} 2x + 3y = 10 \\ \frac{x}{y} + \frac{y}{x} = 2 \end{cases}$$

47)
$$\begin{cases} x^4 + y^4 = 82 \\ xy = 3 \end{cases}$$

49)
$$\begin{cases} x^2 + y^2 + xy = 7 \\ x + y + xy = 5 \end{cases}$$

26)
$$\begin{cases} 9x^2 - 14x = y \\ 9x - 14 = y \end{cases}$$

28)
$$\begin{cases} x^2 = 6y + 7 \\ x^2 + 2 = 6y + y^2 \end{cases}$$

30)
$$\begin{cases} (2x - y)^2 = -3y \\ (2x - y)^2 = -3x \end{cases}$$

32)
$$\begin{cases} \frac{1}{x} + \frac{4}{y} = 4 \\ \frac{1}{y} - \frac{2}{x} = 10 \end{cases}$$

34)
$$\begin{cases} \frac{4}{x-y} + \frac{12}{x+y} = 3 \\ \frac{8}{x-y} - \frac{18}{x+y} = -1 \end{cases}$$

36)
$$\begin{cases} x - y + xy = -11 \\ x - y - xy = 1 \end{cases}$$

38)
$$\begin{cases} 4(x-y) - 3xy = -14 \\ 7x + 4xy - 7y = 31 \end{cases}$$

40)
$$\begin{cases} y^2 + xy = 3 \\ y^2 - xy = 5 \end{cases}$$

42)
$$\begin{cases} x^4 - y^4 = 5 \\ x^2 - y^2 = 2 \end{cases}$$

44)
$$\begin{cases} x - y = 5 \\ (x+y)(x^2 - y^2) = 245 \end{cases}$$

46)
$$\begin{cases} 3x - 2y = 15 \\ \frac{x}{y} + \frac{y}{x} + 2 = 0 \end{cases}$$

48)
$$\begin{cases} x^4 + y^4 = 32 \\ x^2 + y^2 = 8 \end{cases}$$

50)
$$\begin{cases} x^2 + y^2 - xy = 3 \\ x + y - xy = 1 \end{cases}$$

51)
$$\begin{cases} x^2 + \frac{1}{2}x - 5y = 8 \\ y^2 + x + 2x^2 = 40 \end{cases}$$

52)
$$\begin{cases} x^2 - y + 2y^2 = 29 \\ y^2 - 0,5y + x = 15 \end{cases}$$

Найдите решения уравнения (53-56):

53) $(x+2y)^2 + (x-y-1)^2 = 0$

54) $(y-2x)^2 + (x+y-2)^2 = 0$

55) $(x-y^2)^2 + (x^2-x)^2 = 0$

56) $(4y-y^2)^2 + (x^2-y)^2 = 0$

ОТВЕТЫ

- 1)** $(3;-4)$. **2)** $(3;1), (-1;-3)$. **3)** $(1;-3)$. **4)** $(-2;3)$. **5)** $(1;2), \left(-\frac{5}{8}; -\frac{7}{16}\right)$. **6)** $(2;-3), \left(-2\frac{2}{3}; 3\frac{2}{9}\right)$. **7)** $(-7;-2), (-3;2)$. **8)** $(2;0), (-1;3)$. **9)** $(-2;-2), (-2;2), (-1;-2), (-1;2)$. **10)** $(1;1), (-1;1)$. **11)** $(2;4), (5;13)$. **12)** $(3;-5), (4;-7)$. **13)** $(1;5), \left(-1;\frac{1}{5}\right)$. **14)** $(1;12), \left(-1;\frac{4}{3}\right)$. **15)** $(3;6)$. **16)** $(4;5)$. **17)** $(-1;3), (1;3)$. **18)** $(1;1), (-1;1)$. **19)** $(2;-1), (2;1)$. **20)** $\left(2;-2\sqrt{2}\right), \left(2;2\sqrt{2}\right)$. **21)** $(0;0), \left(\frac{1}{7}; \frac{1}{7}\right)$. **22)** $(0;0), \left(\frac{1}{8}; \frac{1}{8}\right)$. **23)** $(6;-2), (-6;2), (-2;6), (2;-6)$. **24)** $(4;2), (-4;-2), (-2;-4)$, $(2;4)$. **25)** $\left(\frac{2}{3}; 0\right), (1;1)$. **26)** $\left(\frac{14}{9}; 0\right), (1;-5)$. **27)** $(-4;2), (4;2)$. **28)** $(-5;3)$, $(5;3)$. **29)** $(0;0), \left(\frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{2}\right)$. **30)** $(0;0), (-3;-3)$. **31)** $\left(\frac{1}{3}; -\frac{1}{2}\right)$. **32)** $\left(-\frac{1}{4}; \frac{1}{2}\right)$. **33)** $\left(\frac{5}{2}; -\frac{1}{2}\right)$. **34)** $(5;1)$. **35)** $(-4;-2), (-2;-4)$. **36)** $(-3;2), (-2;3)$. **37)** $(4;-3)$, $(-3;4)$. **38)** $(3;2), (-2;-3)$. **39)** $\left(4; -\frac{1}{2}\right), \left(-4; \frac{1}{2}\right)$. **40)** $\left(-\frac{1}{2}; 2\right), \left(\frac{1}{2}; -2\right)$. **41)** $(2;1), (-2;1), (2;-1), (-2;-1)$. **42)** $\left(\frac{3}{2}; \frac{1}{2}\right), \left(\frac{3}{2}; -\frac{1}{2}\right), \left(-\frac{3}{2}; \frac{1}{2}\right), \left(-\frac{3}{2}; -\frac{1}{2}\right)$. **43)** $(6;1), (1;6)$. **44)** $(6;1), (-1;-6)$. **45)** $(2;2)$. **46)** $(3;-3)$. **47)** $(-3;-1), (1;3), (3;1)$, $(-1;-3)$. **48)** $(2;2), (-2;-2), (-2;2), (2;-2)$. **49)** $(1;2), (2;1)$. **50)** $(1;-1), (-1;1)$.

- 51)** $\left(-\frac{9}{2}; 2\right), (4; 2)$. **52)** $(1; 4), \left(1; -\frac{7}{2}\right)$. **53)** $\left(\frac{2}{3}; -\frac{1}{3}\right)$. **54)** $\left(\frac{2}{3}; \frac{4}{3}\right)$. **55)** $(0; 0)$,
 $(1; 1), (1; -1)$. **56)** $(0; 0), (2; 4), (-2; 4)$.